

**5** Find

a  $\int \sin^2 x \, dx$

b  $\int \cot^2 2x \, dx$

c  $\int \sin x \cos x \, dx$

d  $\int \frac{\sin x}{\cos^2 x} \, dx$

e  $\int 4 \cos^2 3x \, dx$

f  $\int (1 + \sin x)^2 \, dx$

g  $\int (\sec x - \tan x)^2 \, dx$

h  $\int \operatorname{cosec} 2x \cot x \, dx$

i  $\int \cos^4 x \, dx$

**6** Evaluate

a  $\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} 2 \cos^2 x \, dx$

b  $\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{4}} \cos 2x \sin 2x \, dx$

c  $\int_{\frac{\pi}{3}}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \tan^2 \frac{1}{2}x \, dx$

d  $\int_{\frac{\pi}{6}}^{\frac{\pi}{4}} \frac{\cos 2x}{\sin^2 2x} \, dx$

e  $\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{4}} (1 - 2 \sin x)^2 \, dx$

f  $\int_{\frac{\pi}{6}}^{\frac{\pi}{3}} \sec^2 x \operatorname{cosec}^2 x \, dx$

**7** a Use the identities for  $\sin(A+B)$  and  $\sin(A-B)$  to show that

$$\sin A \cos B \equiv \frac{1}{2} [\sin(A+B) + \sin(A-B)].$$

b Find  $\int \sin 3x \cos x \, dx$ .

**8** Integrate with respect to  $x$

a  $2 \sin 5x \sin x$

b  $\cos 2x \cos x$

c  $4 \sin x \cos 4x$

d  $\cos(x + \frac{\pi}{6}) \sin x$