

The Quadratic Formula - Answers

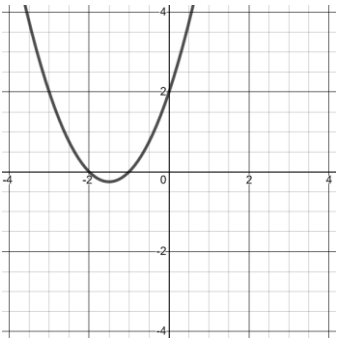
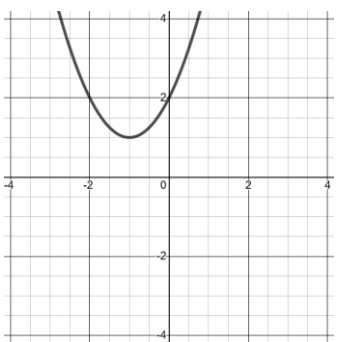
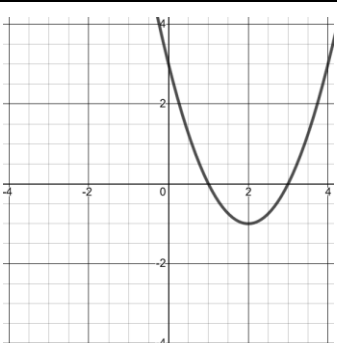
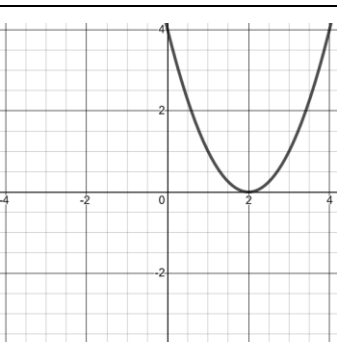
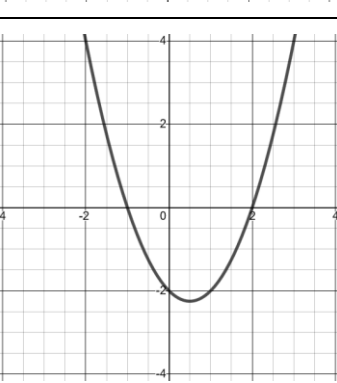
A general quadratic equation: $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$

$$\text{The quadratic formula: } x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$$

Fill in the blanks below:

Equation	Quadratic formula	Simplified	Solutions (2dp)
$x^2 + 4x + 2 = 0$	$\frac{-\mathbf{(4)} \pm \sqrt{\mathbf{(4)}^2 - 4\mathbf{(1)}\mathbf{(2)}}}{2\mathbf{(1)}}$	$x = \frac{-4 \pm \sqrt{8}}{2}$	$x = \mathbf{-0.59}$ and $x = \mathbf{-3.41}$
$x^2 - 5x + 3 = 0$	$\frac{-\mathbf{(-5)} \pm \sqrt{\mathbf{(-5)}^2 - 4\mathbf{(1)}\mathbf{(3)}}}{2\mathbf{(1)}}$	$x = \frac{5 \pm \sqrt{13}}{2}$	$x = \mathbf{4.30}$ and $x = \mathbf{0.70}$
$x^2 + x - \mathbf{3} = 0$	$\frac{-\mathbf{(1)} \pm \sqrt{\mathbf{(1)}^2 - 4\mathbf{(1)}\mathbf{(-3)}}}{2\mathbf{(1)}}$	$x = \frac{-1 \pm \sqrt{13}}{2}$	$x = \mathbf{1.30}$ and $x = \mathbf{-2.30}$
$2x^2 + \mathbf{7}x + \mathbf{1} = 0$	$\frac{-\mathbf{(7)} \pm \sqrt{\mathbf{(7)}^2 - 4\mathbf{(2)}\mathbf{(1)}}}{2\mathbf{(2)}}$	$x = \frac{-7 \pm \sqrt{41}}{4}$	$x = \mathbf{-0.15}$ and $x = \mathbf{-3.35}$
$\mathbf{3}x^2 - \mathbf{5}x - \mathbf{4} = 0$	$\frac{-\mathbf{(-5)} \pm \sqrt{\mathbf{(-5)}^2 - 4\mathbf{(3)}\mathbf{(-4)}}}{2\mathbf{(3)}}$	$x = \frac{5 \pm \sqrt{73}}{6}$	$x = \mathbf{2.26}$ and $x = \mathbf{-0.59}$
$x^2 + \mathbf{3}x + \mathbf{1} = 0$	$\frac{-\mathbf{(3)} \pm \sqrt{\mathbf{(3)}^2 - 4\mathbf{(1)}\mathbf{(1)}}}{2\mathbf{(1)}}$	$x = \frac{-3 \pm \sqrt{5}}{2}$	$x = \mathbf{-0.38}$ and $x = \mathbf{-2.61}$
$x^2 - \mathbf{2}x - \mathbf{5} = 0$	$\frac{-\mathbf{(-2)} \pm \sqrt{\mathbf{(-2)}^2 - 4\mathbf{(1)}\mathbf{(-5)}}}{2\mathbf{(1)}}$	$x = \frac{2 \pm \sqrt{24}}{2}$	$x = \mathbf{3.45}$ and $x = \mathbf{-1.45}$
$\mathbf{2}x^2 - \mathbf{6}x + \mathbf{1} = 0$	$\frac{-\mathbf{(-6)} \pm \sqrt{\mathbf{(-6)}^2 - 4\mathbf{(2)}\mathbf{(1)}}}{2\mathbf{(2)}}$	$x = \frac{6 \pm \sqrt{28}}{4}$	$x = \mathbf{2.82}$ and $x = \mathbf{0.18}$

Can you link each quadratic formula below to each function?

Function	Equation	Quadratic formula
	$y = x^2 - 4x + 3$	$x = \frac{-3 \pm \sqrt{1}}{2}$
	$y = x^2 + 3x + 2$	$x = \frac{4 \pm \sqrt{0}}{2}$
	$y = x^2 - x - 2$	<p>No solutions</p>
	$y = x^2 - 4x + 4$	$x = \frac{4 \pm \sqrt{4}}{2}$
	$y = x^2 + 2x + 2$	$x = \frac{1 \pm \sqrt{9}}{2}$