

BIDMAS

Example. (1, 2, 3, 4, 5) $\square + \square \times \square = 11.$

Answer

$$\boxed{1} + \boxed{5} \times \boxed{2} = 11.$$

1). (1, 2, 3, 4, 5) $\square + \square \times \square = 7.$

3). (1, 2, 3, 4, 5) $\square \times \square - \square = 7.$

5). (1, 2, 3, 4, 5) $\square \div \square + \square = 3.$

7). (1, 2, 3, 4, 5) $\square + \square \div \square = 5.$

9). (2, 3, 4, 5, 6) $\square \times \square - \square = 9.$

11). (2, 3, 4, 5, 6) $\square + \square \div \square = 4.$

13). (2, 3, 4, 5, 6) $\square \div \square + \square = 8.$

15). (2, 3, 4, 5, 6) $\square \times \square + \square = 21.$

17). (2, 3, 6, 7, 12) $\square + \square \times \square = 19.$

19). (2, 3, 6, 7, 12) $\square \div \square - \square = 3.$

2). (1, 2, 3, 4, 5) $\square \times \square + \square = 6.$

4). (1, 2, 3, 4, 5) $\square + \square \times \square = 10.$

6). (1, 2, 3, 4, 5) $\square \times \square - \square = 17.$

8). (1, 2, 3, 4, 5) $\square \div \square + \square = 9.$

10). (2, 3, 4, 5, 6) $\square \times \square + \square = 17.$

12). (2, 3, 4, 5, 6) $\square + \square \times \square = 15.$

14). (2, 3, 4, 5, 6) $\square - \square \div \square = 0.$

16). (2, 3, 4, 5, 6) $\square + \square \times \square = 29.$

18). (2, 3, 6, 7, 12) $\square \times \square - \square = 6.$

20). (2, 3, 6, 7, 12) $\square - \square \div \square = 3.$