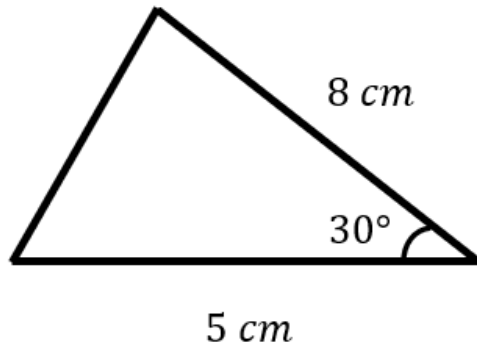


9.3) Areas of triangles

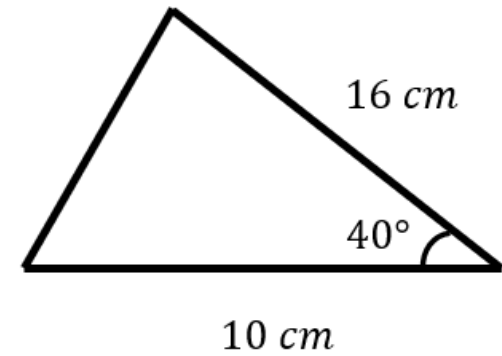
Worked example

Calculate the area of the triangle:



Your turn

Calculate the area of the triangle:



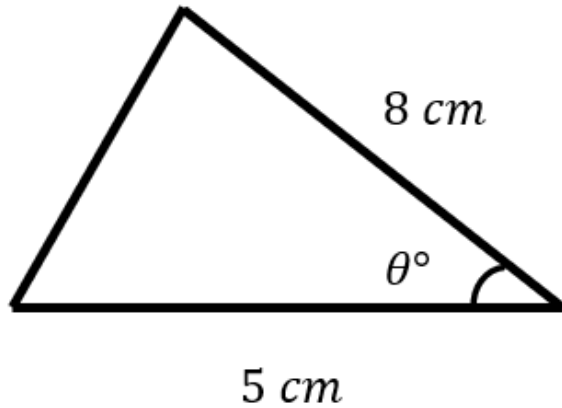
51.42 cm^2 (2 dp)

Worked example

The area is 10 cm^2 .

Angle θ is acute.

Calculate θ

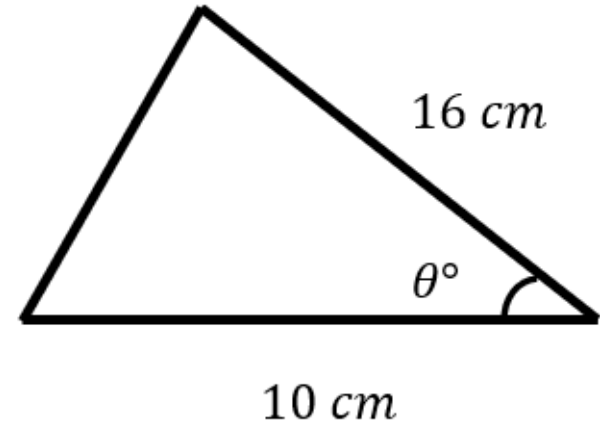


Your turn

The area is 51.42 cm^2 .

Angle θ is acute.

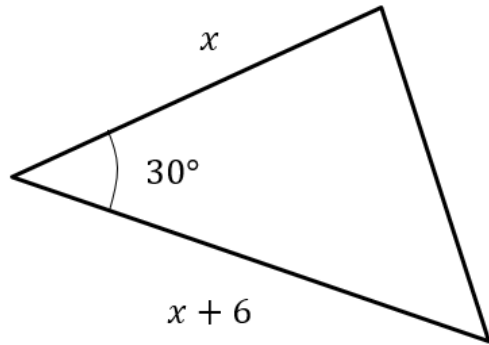
Calculate θ



$$\theta = 40.0 \text{ (3 sf)}$$

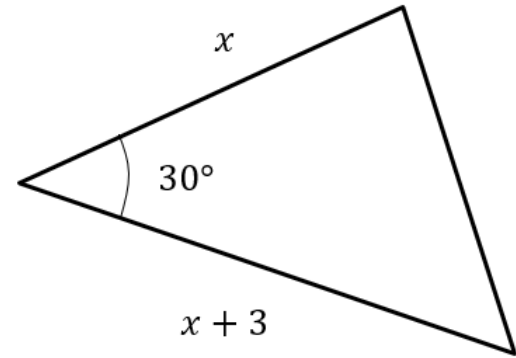
Worked example

The area is 40. Determine x



Your turn

The area is 10. Determine x



$$x = 5$$

Worked example

A triangle has sides 5.1 cm , 3.4 cm and 2.85 cm .
Work out the area of the triangle

Your turn

A triangle has sides 10.2 cm , 6.8 cm and 5.7 cm .
Work out the area of the triangle

18.3 cm^2 (1 dp)

Worked example

In $\triangle ABC$, $AB = 2.5\text{ cm}$, $BC = 3\text{ cm}$ and $\angle ABC = x$.

Given that the area of $\triangle ABC$ is 3 cm^2 and that AC is the longest side, find the value of x

Your turn

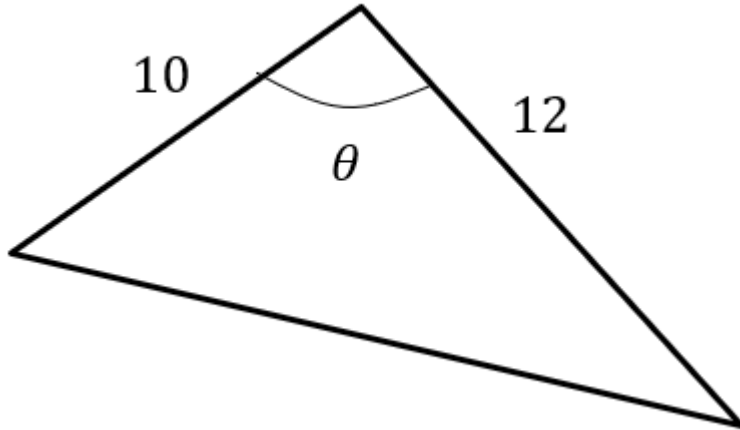
In $\triangle ABC$, $AB = 5\text{ cm}$, $BC = 6\text{ cm}$ and $\angle ABC = x$.

Given that the area of $\triangle ABC$ is 12 cm^2 and that AC is the longest side, find the value of x

$$x = 127^\circ \text{ (3 sf)}$$

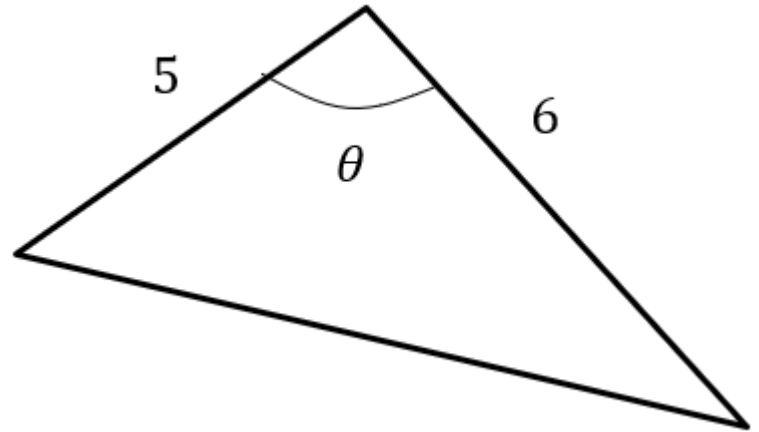
Worked example

The area of this triangle is 40.
If θ is obtuse, determine θ .



Your turn

The area of this triangle is 10.
If θ is obtuse, determine θ .



$$\theta = 138^\circ \text{ (3 sf)}$$