## 7.4) Static rigid bodies

## Worked example

## Your turn

A uniform rod $A B$ of mass 20kg and length 5m rests with the end $A$ on rough horizontal ground. The rod rests against a smooth peg $C$ where $A C=4 \mathrm{~m}$. The rod is in limiting equilibrium at an angle of $30^{\circ}$ to the horizontal. Find:
(a) the magnitude of the reaction of $C$
(b) the coefficient of friction between the rod and the ground.

A uniform $\operatorname{rod} A B$ of mass 40 kg and length 10 m rests with the end $A$ on rough horizontal ground.
The rod rests against a smooth peg $C$ where $A C=8 \mathrm{~m}$. The rod is in limiting equilibrium at an angle of $15^{\circ}$ to the horizontal. Find:
(a) the magnitude of the reaction of $C$
(b) the coefficient of friction between the rod and the ground.
a) $240 \mathrm{~N}(2 \mathrm{sf})$
b) 0.37 ( 2 sf )

## Your turn

A ladder $A B$, of mass $m$ and length $5 a$, has one end $A$ resting on rough horizontal ground. The other end $B$ rests against a smooth vertical wall. A load of mass $3 m$ is fixed on the ladder at the point $C$, where $A C=2 a$.
The ladder is modelled as a uniform rod in a vertical plane perpendicular to the wall and the load is modelled as a particle.
The ladder rests in limiting equilibrium at an angle of $50^{\circ}$ with the ground.
Find the coefficient of friction between the ladder and the ground.

A ladder $A B$, of mass $m$ and length $3 a$, has one end $A$ resting on rough horizontal ground.
The other end $B$ rests against a smooth vertical wall. A load of mass $2 m$ is fixed on the ladder at the point $C$, where $A C=a$.
The ladder is modelled as a uniform rod in a vertical plane perpendicular to the wall and the load is modelled as a particle.
The ladder rests in limiting equilibrium at an angle of $60^{\circ}$ with the ground.
Find the coefficient of friction between the ladder and the ground.

$$
0.23(2 \mathrm{sf})
$$

