## 4.5) Tilting

## Your turn

A uniform beam beam $A B$, of mass 54 kg and length 8 m , rests horizontally on supports $C$ and $D$ where $A C=2 \mathrm{~m}$ and $C D=7 \mathrm{~m}$.
When an object is placed at $A$, the beam is on the point of tilting about $C$.
Determine the mass of the object.

A uniform beam beam $A B$, of mass 45 kg and length 16 m , rests horizontally on supports $C$ and $D$ where $A C=5 \mathrm{~m}$ and $C D=9 \mathrm{~m}$.
When an object is placed at $A$, the beam is on the point of tilting about $C$.
Determine the mass of the object.
27 kg

## Worked example

## Your turn

A non-uniform rod $A B$, of length 5 m and weight 80 N , is suspended from a pair of light cables attached to $C$ and $D$ where $A C=2 \mathrm{~m}$ and $B D=1$ m.

When a weight of 50 N is hung from $A$ the rod is on the point of rotating.
Find the distance of the centre of mass of the rod from $A$.

A non-uniform rod $A B$, of length 10 m and weight 40 N , is suspended from a pair of light cables
attached to $C$ and $D$ where $A C=3 \mathrm{~m}$ and $B D=2$ m.

When a weight of 25 N is hung from $A$ the rod is on the point of rotating.
Find the distance of the centre of mass of the rod from $A$.
4.875 m

## Your turn

A beam $A B$ has length 25 m . The beam rests horizontally in equilibrium on two smooth supports at the points $P$ and $Q$, where $A P=4 \mathrm{~m}$ and $Q B=5 \mathrm{~m}$.
When an adult of mass 60 kg stands on the beam at $A$, the beam remains in equilibrium and is on the point of tilting about $P$.
When the same child stands on the beam at $B$, the beam remains in equilibrium and is on the point of tilting about $Q$.
The child is modelled as a particle and the beam is modelled as a non-uniform rod.
a) Find the mass of the beam
b) Find the distance of the centre of mass of the beam from $A$

A beam $A B$ has length 15 m . The beam rests horizontally in equilibrium on two smooth supports at the points $P$ and $Q$, where $A P=2 \mathrm{~m}$ and $Q B=3 \mathrm{~m}$.
When a child of mass 50 kg stands on the beam at $A$, the beam remains in equilibrium and is on the point of tilting about $P$.
When the same child stands on the beam at $B$, the beam remains in equilibrium and is on the point of tilting about $Q$.
The child is modelled as a particle and the beam is modelled as a non-uniform rod.
a) Find the mass of the beam
b) Find the distance of the centre of mass of the beam from $A$
a) 25 kg
b) 6 m

