## 2.6) Modelling with quadratics

Worked example	Your turn
<ul> <li>A spear is thrown over level ground from the top of a tower.</li> <li>The height, in metres, of the spear above the ground after t seconds is modelled by the function: h(t) = 1.65 + 24.5t - 4.9t<sup>2</sup>, t ≥ 0</li> <li>a) Interpret the meaning of the constant term 12.25 in the model.</li> <li>b) After how many seconds does the spear hit the ground?</li> <li>c) Write h(t) in the form A - B(t - C)<sup>2</sup>, where A, B and C are constants to be found.</li> <li>d) Using your answer to part c or otherwise, find the maximum height of the spear above the ground, and the time at which this maximum height is reached?</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>A spear is thrown over level ground from the top of a tower. The height, in metres, of the spear above the ground after t seconds is modelled by the function: h(t) = 12.25 + 14.7t - 4.9t<sup>2</sup>, t ≥ 0</li> <li>a) Interpret the meaning of the constant term 12.25 in the model.</li> <li>b) After how many seconds does the spear hit the ground?</li> <li>c) Write h(t) in the form A - B(t - C)<sup>2</sup>, where A, B and C are constants to be found.</li> <li>d) Using your answer to part c or otherwise, find the maximum height of the spear above the ground, and the time at which this maximum height is reached?</li> <li>a) The height of the tower is 12.25 m</li> <li>b) 3.68 seconds (3 sf)</li> <li>c) h(t) = 23.275 - 4.9(t - 1.5)<sup>2</sup></li> <li>d) Maximum height = 23.275 m at t = 1.5 s</li> </ul>
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