## Your turn

A car of 1000 kg has a driving force of 1600 N and forces of 400 N resisting its motion. Determine its acceleration.

A car of 2000kg has a driving force of 800 N and forces of 200 N resisting its motion.
Determine its acceleration.

$$
0.3 \mathrm{~ms}^{-2}
$$

## Your turn

An object of mass 140kg experiences air resistance of 600 N . Determine the object's acceleration as it falls towards the ground.

An object of mass 70 kg experiences air resistance of 300 N . Determine the object's acceleration as it falls towards the ground.

$$
5.51 \mathrm{~ms}^{-2} \text { (3 sf) }
$$

An adult has a mass of 100 kg . What is the gravitational force (weight) acting on the adult?

A child has a mass of 50 kg . What is the gravitational force (weight) acting on the child?

## Your turn

A body of mass 10kg is pulled along a rough horizontal table by a horizontal force of magnitude 40N against a constant friction force of magnitude 8 N . Given that the body is initially at rest, find:
(a) the acceleration of the body
(b) the distance travelled by the body in the first 2 seconds
(c) the magnitude of the normal reaction between the body and the table

A body of mass 5 kg is pulled along a rough
horizontal table by a horizontal force of magnitude 20 N against a constant friction force of magnitude 4N. Given that the body is initially at rest, find:
(a) the acceleration of the body
(b) the distance travelled by the body in the first 4 seconds
(c) the magnitude of the normal reaction between the body and the table
a) $3.2 \mathrm{~ms}^{-2}$
b) 25.6 m
c) 49 N

## Worked example

## Your turn

An objects of mass 8 kg hits soft ground at a speed of $14 \mathrm{~ms}^{-1}$ and sinks vertically downwards before coming to rest. The ground is assumed to exert a constant resistive force of magnitude 5000 N .
Find the vertical distance that the object sinks into the ground before coming to rest.

An objects of mass 4 kg hits soft ground at a speed of $28 \mathrm{~ms}^{-1}$ and sinks vertically downwards before coming to rest. The ground is assumed to exert a constant resistive force of magnitude 5000 N .
Find the vertical distance that the object sinks into the ground before coming to rest.

$$
0.32 m(2 \mathrm{sf})
$$

## Worked example

## Your turn

A lift of mass 500 kg is lowered or raised by a metal cable attached to its top. The lift contains passengers whose total mass is 100 kg . The lift starts from rest and accelerates at a constant rate, reaching a speed of $5 \mathrm{~ms}^{-1}$ after moving a distance of 4 m . Find:
a) The acceleration of the lift
b) The tension in the cable if the lift is moving vertically downwards
c) The tension in the cable if the lift is moving vertically upwards

A lift of mass 400 kg is lowered or raised by a metal cable attached to its top. The lift contains passengers whose total mass is 200 kg . The lift starts from rest and accelerates at a constant rate, reaching a speed of $4 \mathrm{~ms}^{-1}$ after moving a distance of 5 m . Find:
a) The acceleration of the lift
b) The tension in the cable if the lift is moving vertically downwards
c) The tension in the cable if the lift is moving vertically upwards
a) $1.6 \mathrm{~ms}^{-2}$
b) 4920 N
c) 6840 N

