1) Algebraic methods

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1.2) Algebraic fractions

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$$\frac{x^2-x}{y^2} \div \frac{x^2+x-2}{y^5}$$

$$\frac{x^2 + x}{y} \div \frac{x^2 - x - 2}{y^2}$$

$$\frac{xy}{x - 2}$$

$$\frac{3x+5}{x^2+x-12} - \frac{2}{x-3}$$

$$\frac{1}{x+4}$$

$$\frac{x^2 - 6x + 5}{x^2 + 4x - 5}$$

$$\frac{x - 5}{x + 5}$$

$$\frac{x^2 - 7x - 8}{x^2 - 1}$$

$$\frac{3x^2 - 5x - 2}{2x^2 - 7x + 6}$$

$$\frac{3x + 1}{2x - 3}$$

$$\frac{3x^2 + 2x - 8}{6x^2 - 23x - 35} \times \frac{7x^2 - 29x - 30}{4x^2 + 5x - 6}$$

$$\frac{2x^2 + 3x - 35}{3x^2 - 11x - 4} \times \frac{6x^2 - 23x - 4}{2x^2 - 3x - 27}$$
$$\frac{(x+5)(2x-7)(6x+1)}{(3x+1)(2x-9)(x+3)}$$

$$\frac{6x^2 + 37x - 35}{3x^2 - 10x - 8} \times \frac{3x^2 + 14x + 8}{42x^2 + 35x}$$

$$\frac{3x^2 - 10x - 8}{6x^2 + 37x - 35} \div \frac{x^2 - 3x - 4}{x^2 - 49}$$

$$\frac{2x^{2} - 7x - 15}{3x^{2} + 10x - 8} \div \frac{2x^{2} + x - 3}{x^{2} - 16}$$
$$\frac{(x - 5)(x - 4)}{(3x - 2)(x - 1)}$$

$$\frac{3x^3 - x^2 - 10x}{4x - 8}$$

$$\frac{x(3x + 5)}{4}$$

$$\frac{3x^{3} - x^{2} - 10x}{9x^{2} - 25}$$

$$\frac{x(x - 2)}{3x - 5}$$

$$\frac{5x+2}{3} + \frac{x-3}{2}$$

$$\frac{4x+5}{2} + \frac{x-1}{3} = \frac{14x+13}{6}$$

$$\frac{x-5}{4} + \frac{2x+1}{3}$$

$$\frac{5x+2}{3} + \frac{2}{x-3}$$

$$\frac{4x+5}{2} + \frac{3}{x-1}$$

$$\frac{4x^2 + x + 1}{2(x-1)}$$

$$\frac{x-5}{4} + \frac{3}{2x+1}$$

$$\frac{3}{5x+2} + \frac{2}{x-3}$$

$$\frac{2}{4x+5} + \frac{3}{x-1}$$

$$\frac{10x+13}{(4x+5)(x-1)}$$

$$\frac{4}{x-5} + \frac{3}{2x+1}$$

$$\frac{5x+2}{3} - \frac{x-3}{2}$$

$$\frac{4x + 5}{2} - \frac{x - 1}{3}$$

$$\frac{10x + 17}{6}$$

$$\frac{x-5}{4} - \frac{2x+1}{3}$$

$$\frac{5x+2}{3} - \frac{2}{x-3}$$

$$\frac{4x+5}{2} - \frac{3}{x-1}$$

$$\frac{4x^2 + x - 11}{2(x-1)}$$

$$\frac{x-5}{4} - \frac{3}{2x+1}$$

$$\frac{3}{5x+2} - \frac{2}{x-3}$$

$$\frac{2}{4x+5} - \frac{3}{x-1}$$

$$\frac{-10x-17}{(4x+5)(x-1)}$$

$$\frac{4}{x-5} - \frac{3}{2x+1}$$

(5x + 2)(x - 3) x - 3

3

$$\frac{2}{4x-5} - \frac{3}{(x-1)(4x-5)}$$

$$\frac{2x-5}{(x-1)(4x-5)}$$

$$\frac{1}{(x-1)(4x-5)}$$

$$\frac{4}{(2x+1)(x-5)} - \frac{3}{2x+1}$$

$$5 - \frac{3}{x+2}$$

$$\frac{5x+7}{x+2}$$

$$3 - (x - 4) \div \frac{x^2 - 16}{x - 5}$$

Write as a single simplified fraction:

$$5 - (x - 2) \div \frac{x^2 - 4}{x + 3}$$

$$\frac{4x - 13}{x - 2}$$

Write in the form $1 + \frac{a}{x+b}$: $\frac{x-5}{x+2}$ $1 - \frac{7}{x+2}$

$$\frac{x-2}{x+7}$$

1.3) Partial fractions

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Split into partial fractions:
$$6x - 2$$

$$\overline{(x-3)(x+1)}$$

$$\frac{4}{x-3} + \frac{2}{x+1}$$

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Your turn

Worked example
$$\frac{-6x^2-5x+2}{6x^2-5x+2} = \frac{A}{4} + \frac{B}{4}$$

Given that $\frac{-6x^2-5x+2}{x(x-1)(2x+1)} \equiv \frac{A}{x} + \frac{B}{x-1} + \frac{C}{2x+1}$, Given that $\frac{6x^2+5x-2}{x(x-1)(2x+1)} \equiv \frac{A}{x} + \frac{B}{x-1} + \frac{C}{2x+1}$, find the values of the constants A, B, C.

$$A = 2, B = 3, C = -4$$

find the values of the constants
$$A, B, C$$
.

$$\frac{6x^2 + 14x - 12}{x^3 - 4x}$$

$$\frac{6x^2 + 7x - 3}{x^3 - x}$$

$$\frac{3}{x} - \frac{2}{x+1} + \frac{5}{x-1}$$

1.4) Repeated factors

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$$\frac{11x^2 - 22x + 9}{(x-1)^2(2x-1)}$$

$$\frac{11x^2 + 14x + 5}{(x+1)^2(2x+1)}$$

$$\frac{4}{x+1} - \frac{2}{(x+1)^2} + \frac{3}{2x+1}$$

$$\frac{5x^2 + 4x + 1}{x^3 + x^2}$$

$$\frac{5x^2-x-1}{x^3-x^2}$$

$$\frac{2}{x} + \frac{1}{x^2} + \frac{3}{x-1}$$

$$\frac{4x}{(x-4)^2}$$

$$\frac{3x}{(x+3)^2}$$

$$\frac{3}{x+3} - \frac{9}{(x+3)^2}$$

$$\frac{4x+1}{x^2-8x+16}$$

$$\frac{2x+3}{x^2+6x+9}$$

$$\frac{2}{x+3} - \frac{3}{(x+3)^2}$$

$$\frac{15x^2 - 5x + 2}{9x^3 - 6x^2 + x}$$

$$\frac{22x^2 + 25x + 1}{4x^3 + 4x^2 + x}$$

$$\frac{6}{x} - \frac{1}{2x+1} + \frac{2}{(2x+1)^2}$$

1.5) Algebraic division

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Find the values of *A*, *B* and *C*:

$$\frac{x^2 + 9x - 5}{x + 3} = Ax + B + \frac{C}{x + 3}$$

Find the values of *A*, *B* and *C*:

$$\frac{x^2 + 5x - 9}{x + 2} = Ax + B + \frac{C}{x + 2}$$

$$A = 1, B = 3, C = -15$$

Find the values of *A*, *B* and *C*:

$$\frac{x^2 - 5x + 9}{x - 2} = Ax + B + \frac{C}{x - 2}$$

Find the values of *A*, *B* and *C*:

$$\frac{x^2 + 5x - 9}{x - 3} = Ax + B + \frac{C}{x - 3}$$

$$A = 1, B = 8, C = 15$$

Find the values of *A*, *B*, *C* and *D*:

$$\frac{x^3 - x^2 + 7}{x + 3} = Ax^2 + Bx + C + \frac{D}{x + 3}$$

Find the values of *A*, *B*, *C* and *D*:

$$\frac{x^3 - x^2 + 7}{x + 3} = Ax^2 + Bx + C + \frac{D}{x + 3} \qquad \frac{x^3 + x^2 - 7}{x + 2} = Ax^2 + Bx + C + \frac{D}{x + 2}$$

$$A = 1, B = -1, C = 2, D = -11$$

Find the values of *A*, *B*, *C* and *D*:

$$\frac{x^3 - x^2 + 7}{x - 2} = Ax^2 + Bx + C + \frac{D}{x - 2}$$

Find the values of *A*, *B*, *C* and *D*:

$$\frac{x^3 - x^2 + 7}{x - 2} = Ax^2 + Bx + C + \frac{D}{x - 2} \qquad \frac{x^3 + x^2 - 7}{x - 3} = Ax^2 + Bx + C + \frac{D}{x - 3}$$

$$A = 1, B = 4, C = 12, D = 29$$

Your turn

Find the values of *A*, *B*, *C*, *D* and *E*:

$$\frac{x^4 - x^3 - x + 10}{x^2 - 2x - 3} = Ax^2 + Bx + C + \frac{Dx + E}{x^2 + 2x - 3} \qquad \frac{x^4 + x^3 + x - 10}{x^2 + 2x - 3} = Ax^2 + Bx + C + \frac{Dx + E}{x^2 + 2x - 3}$$

Find the values of *A*, *B*, *C*, *D* and *E*:

$$\frac{x^4 + x^3 + x - 10}{x^2 + 2x - 3} = Ax^2 + Bx + C + \frac{Dx + E}{x^2 + 2x - 3}$$

$$A = 1, B = -1, C = 5, D = -12, E = 5$$

Find the values of A, B, C and D

$$\frac{2x^3 + 3x^2 - 4x + 5}{x - 3} = Ax^2 + Bx + C + \frac{D}{x - 3}$$

Find the values of A, B, C and D

$$\frac{2x^3 - 3x^2 + 4x - 5}{x + 3} = Ax^2 + Bx + C + \frac{D}{x + 3}$$

$$A = 2, B = -9, C = 31, D = -160$$

Your turn

Find the values of
$$A$$
, B , C , D and E :

$$\frac{3x^4 - 2x^3 + 5x^2 - 4}{x^2 - 16} = Ax^2 + Bx + C + \frac{Dx + E}{x^2 - 16} \qquad \frac{3x^4 - 2x^3 - 5x^2 - 4}{x^2 - 4} = Ax^2 + Bx + C + \frac{Dx + E}{x^2 - 4}$$

Find the values of *A*, *B*, *C*, *D* and *E*:

$$\frac{3x^4 - 2x^3 - 5x^2 - 4}{x^2 - 4} = Ax^2 + Bx + C + \frac{Dx + B}{x^2 - 4}$$

$$A = 3, B = -2, C = 7, D = -8, E = 24$$

Your turn $\frac{x^4 - 16}{x + 2}$ $(x - 1)(x^2 + 1)$

$$\frac{3x^2 - 3x - 2}{(x+1)(x-2)}$$

$$\frac{3x^2 - 3x - 2}{(x-1)(x-2)}$$

$$3 + \frac{2}{x-1} + \frac{4}{x-2}$$

$$\frac{9x^2 + 20x - 10}{(x-2)(3x+1)}$$

$$\frac{9x^2 + 20x - 10}{(x+2)(3x-1)}$$

$$3 + \frac{2}{x+2} - \frac{1}{3x-1}$$

$$\frac{9x^2 + 16}{9x^2 - 16}$$

$$\frac{16x^2 + 9}{16x^2 - 9}$$

$$1 - \frac{3}{4x+3} + \frac{3}{4x-3}$$

Worked example

Your turn

Split into partial fractions:

$$\frac{16x^3 - 36x^2 + 4x + 22}{4x^2 - 12x + 9}$$

$$\frac{18x^3 - 15x^2 + 5x + 2}{9x^2 - 12x + 4}$$

$$2x + 1 + \frac{3}{3x - 2} + \frac{4}{(3x - 2)^2}$$

$$\frac{5x^4 - 9x^2 - 7x^2 + 4x - 10}{x^2 - x - 2}$$

$$\frac{5x^4 + 9x^3 - 6x^2 - 2x - 6}{x^2 + x - 2}$$

$$5x^2 + 4x + 3 + \frac{2}{x+2} + \frac{1}{x-1}$$