## 1) Algebraic expressions

1.1) Index laws
1.2) Expanding brackets
1.3) Factorising
1.4) Negative and fractional indices
1.5) Surds
1.6) Rationalising denominators

## 1.1) Index Laws

Chapter CONTENTS

Worked example	Your turn
Simplify: $(a^5)^3 \times 4a^7$	Simplify: $(a^3)^2 \times 2a^2$ $2a^8$
$(5xy^4)^3$	$(4x^3y)^3$ $64x^9y^3$

Worked example	Your turn
Simplify: $7x^3(6-5x) - 4x(3-2x^3)$	Simplify: $2x^{2}(3 + 5x) - x(4 - x^{2})$ $11x^{3} + 6x^{2} - 4x$
$\frac{5x^4 + 3x^2}{6x^3}$	$\frac{x^3 - 2x}{3x^2}$ $\frac{1}{3}x - \frac{2}{3x}$

Worked example	Your turn
Simplify: $4^x \times 5^x$	Simplify: $2^{x-4} \times 3^{x-4}$ $6^{x-4}$
$7^{x+1} \times 6^{x+1}$	

Worked example	Your turn
Simplify: $(x^2)^3$	Simplify: $(5a^7bc^5)^3$ $125a^{21}b^3c^{15}$
$(2x^3y^4)^5$	
$(4ab^2c^4)^3$	

Worked example	Your turn
Simplify:	Simplify:
$\sqrt{16x^2y^6z^4}$	$\sqrt{9a^3b^6c^2d}$
	$3a^{\frac{3}{2}}b^{3}cd^{\frac{1}{2}}$
$\sqrt[3]{27x^4y^6z}$	

Worked example	Your turn
Write in index form: 32 × 128	Write in index form: $5 \times 25 \times 625$ $5^7$
$3 \times 27 \times 81$	

Worked example	Your turn
Write $25^3$ as $5^n$	Write $27^4$ as $3^n$
	3 <sup>12</sup>
Write $16^5$ as $2^n$	

Worked example	Your turn
Write $81^4 \times 9^7$ as $3^n$	Write $25^{\frac{1}{3}} \times 125^{-\frac{2}{5}}$ as $5^n$ $5^{-\frac{8}{15}}$
Write $8^{\frac{1}{2}} \times 128^{-\frac{3}{4}}$ as $2^{n}$	

Worked example	Your turn
Write $0.04^5 \times 0.2^3$ as $5^n$	Write $0.125^3 \times 0.5^7$ as $2^n$
	2 <sup>-16</sup>

Worked exampleYour turnWrite 
$$\frac{81^4}{9^7}$$
 as  $3^n$ Write  $\frac{25^4}{125^6}$  as  $5^n$   
 $5^{-10}$ Write  $\frac{16^3}{32^7}$  as  $2^n$  $10^{10}$ 

## 1.2) Expanding brackets

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Worked example	Your turn
Expand and simplify: (3x - 5y)(x - 4y + 2)	Expand and simplify: (5x - 3y)(2x - y + 4)
	$10x^2 - 11xy + 20x + 3y^2 - 12y$

Worked example	Your turn
Expand and simplify: $x^{2}(3x - 5y)(x - 4y + 2)$	Expand and simplify: x(5x - 3y)(2x - y + 4)
	$10x^3 - 11x^2y + 20x^2 + 3xy^2 - 12xy$

Worked example	Your turn
Worked example Expand and simplify: $(2x-5)^3$	Your turn Expand and simplify: $(4x - 7)^3$ $64x^3 - 336x^2 + 588x - 343$

Worked example	Your turn
Expand: $(2x + 3)(4x + 5)$	Expand: (3a + 5)(2a + 4) $6a^2 + 22a + 20$
(5x + 3)(4x + 1)	

Worked example	Your turn
Expand:	Expand:
$(x + 3)^2$	$(x+5)^2$
	$x^2 + 10x + 25$
$(x + 4)^2$	

Worked example	Your turn
Expand:	Expand:
$(x - 3)^2$	$(x-5)^2$
	$x^2 - 10x + 25$
$(x - 4)^2$	

Worked example	Your turn
Expand:	Expand:
(4x+3)(4x-3)	(3x+5)(3x-5) $9x^2-25$
(5x+4)(5x-4)	

Worked example	Your turn
Expand: $(3x + 4)^2$	Expand: $(4x + 5)^2$ $16x^2 + 40x + 25$
$(5x+6)^2$	

Worked example	Your turn
Expand: $(3x - 4)^2$	Expand: $(4x - 5)^2$ $16x^2 - 40x + 25$
$(5x-6)^2$	

Worked example	Your turn
Expand: $(4 - 3x)^2$	Expand: $(5 - 4x)^2$ $16x^2 - 40x + 25$
$(6-5x)^2$	

Worked example	Your turn
Expand: $(3x + 2y)^2$	Expand: $(5x + 4y)^2$ $25x^2 + 40xy + 16y^2$
$(4x + 3y)^2$	

Your turn
Expand: 4(5x+6)(3x-2) $60x^2 + 32x - 48$

Worked example	Your turn
Expand: $2x(4x + 3)(5x - 6)$	Expand: $4x^{2}(5x+6)(3x-2)$ $60x^{4} + 32x^{3} - 48x^{2}$
$3x^2(7x+2)(8x-5)$	

Worked example	Your turn
Expand: $(x + 5)(x + 6)(x + 7)$	Expand: $(x + 2)(x + 3)(x + 4)$
	$x^3 + 9x^2 + 26x + 24$

Worked example	Your turn
Expand: $(2x + 5)(3x + 6)(4x + 7)$	Expand: (3x + 2)(4x + 6)(5x + 7) $60x^3 + 214x^2 + 242x + 84$

Worked example	Your turn
Expand: $(x + 5)(x - 6)(x - 7)$	Expand: (x + 2)(x - 3)(x - 4) $x^{3} - 5x^{2} - 2x + 24$

Worked example	Your turn
Expand: $(x - 5)(x - 6)(x - 7)$	Expand: (x-2)(x-3)(x-4) $x^3 - 9x^2 + 26x - 24$

Worked example	Your turn
Expand:	Expand:
$(x+5)(x+6)^2$	$(x+2)(x+3)^2$
	$x^3 + 8x^2 + 21x + 18$

Your turn
Expand: $(x - 2)(x - 3)^2$
$x^3 - 8x^2 + 21x - 18$

Your turn
Expand: $(x + 4)^3$ $x^3 + 12x^2 + 48x + 64$

Worked example	Your turn
Expand: $(x - 5)^3$	Expand: $(x - 4)^3$ $x^3 - 12x^2 + 48x - 64$
$(x-6)^3$	

Worked example	Your turn
Expand:	Expand:
$(5-2x)(3x-4)^2$	$(7-3x)(4x-5)^2$
	$-48x^3 + 232x^2 - 355x + 175$

## 1.3) Factorising

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Worked example	Your turn
Factorise: $21x^4 + 29x^3 - 10x^2$	Factorise: $10x^3 + 29x^2 - 21x$ x(5x - 3)(2x + 7)

Worked example	Your turn
Factorise: $x^3 - x$	Factorise: $x^3 - x$
	x(x-1)(x+1)

torise: $3x^2 - 12x$
3x(x-4)

Worked example	Your turn
Factorise: $x^2 + x - 2$	Factorise: $x^{2} - x - 20$ (x - 5)(x + 4)
$x^2 - x - 2$	
$x^2 - x - 6$	
$x^2 + x - 12$	

Worked example	Your turn
Factorise:	Factorise:
$2x^2 - 13x + 15$	$3x^2 - 11x + 10$
	(3x-5)(x-2)
$3x^2 - 17x + 10$	

Worked example	Your turn
Factorise:	Factorise:
$2x^2 + 2x - 12$	$5x^2 - 15x + 10$
	5(x-2)(x-1)
$3r^2 - 12r - 15$	
5x 12x 15	

Worked example	Your turn
Factorise: $3x^2 + 10x + 3$	Factorise: $5x^2 + 8x + 3$ (5x + 3)(x + 1)
$3x^2 + 10x + 8$	$5x^2 + 16x + 12$ $(5x + 6)(x + 2)$
$3x^2 + 14x + 8$	$5x^2 + 32x + 12$ $(5x + 2)(x + 6)$

Worked example	Your turn
Worked example Factorise: $(x^2 - y^2) - (x - y)^2$	Factorise: $(n^{2} - a^{2}) - (n - a)^{2}$ $2a(n - a)$

Worked example	Your turn
Factorise: $(x + y)^2 + (x + y)(2x + 5y)$	Factorise: $(p+q)^2 + (p+q)(4p+9q)$ 5(p+q)(p+2q)
$(a+b)^2 - (a+b)(2a-3b)$	

Worked example	Your turn
Factorise: $a^2 - 9$	Factorise: $c^{2} - 25$ (c + 5)(c - 5)
b <sup>2</sup> – 16	

Worked example	Your turn
Factorise:	Factorise:
$9 - x^2$	$25 - x^2$
	(5+x)(5-x)
$16 - x^2$	

Worked example	Your turn
Factorise: $2x^2 - 18$	Factorise: $4x^2 - 100$ 4(x + 5)(x - 5)
$3x^2 - 48$	

Worked example	Your turn
Factorise: $4x^2 - 9$	Factorise: $25x^2 - 36$ (5x + 6)(5x - 6)
9 <i>x</i> <sup>2</sup> – 16	

Worked example	Your turn
Factorise:	Factorise:
$9x^2 - 1$	$25x^2 - 1$
	(5x+1)(5x-1)
$1 - 16x^2$	

Worked example	Your turn
Factorise: $9x^2 - y^2$	Factorise: $16c^2 - d^2$ (4c + d)(4c - d)
$a^2 - 25b^2$	

Worked example	Your turn
Factorise: $4x^2 - 9y^2$	Factorise: $25x^2 - 36y^2$ (5x + 6y)(5x - 6y)
$9x^2 - 16y^2$	

Worked example	Your turn
Factorise: $5m^2 - 20p^2$	Factorise: $50a^2 - 72b^2$ 2(5a + 6b)(5a - 6b)
$32x^2 - 98y^2$	

Worked example	Your turn
Factorise: $x^4 - 1$	Factorise: $x^{10} - 49$ $(x^5 + 7)(x^5 - 7)$
<i>x</i> <sup>6</sup> – 16	
<i>x</i> <sup>8</sup> – 25	

Worked example	Your turn
Factorise: $4x^4 - 9y^2$	Factorise: $25x^{12} - 36y^6$ $(5x^6 + 6y^3)(5x^6 - 6y^3)$
9 <i>x</i> <sup>8</sup> − 16 <i>y</i> <sup>6</sup>	

Worked example	Your turn
Factorise: $x^3 - 8$	Factorise: $x^{3} - 1$ $(x - 1)(x^{2} + x + 1)$

## 1.4) Negative and fractional indices Chapter CONTENTS

Worked example	Your turn
Prove that:	Prove that:
$x^{\frac{1}{2}} = \sqrt{x}$	$x^{\frac{1}{4}} = \sqrt[4]{x}$
	Proof
$x^{\frac{1}{3}} = \sqrt[3]{x}$	

Worked example	Your turn
Evaluate: 64 <sup>-2/3</sup>	Evaluate: $64^{-\frac{3}{2}}$ $\frac{1}{512}$
$81^{-\frac{5}{4}}$	

Worked example	Your turn
Given that $y = \frac{1}{125}x^3$ express the following in the form $kx^n$ where $k$ and $n$ are constants a) $y^{\frac{1}{3}}$ b) $5y^{-2}$	Given that $y = \frac{1}{16}x^2$ express the following in the form $kx^n$ where $k$ and $n$ are constants: a) $y^{\frac{1}{2}}$ b) $4y^{-1}$ a) $\frac{x}{4}$ b) $64x^{-2}$

Worked example	Your turn
If $125\sqrt{5} = 5^k$ , determine the value of k.	If $9\sqrt{3} = 3^k$ , determine the value of k.
	$k = \frac{5}{2}$

Worked example	Your turn
Given that $\left(3^{\frac{1}{4}}\right)^n = \frac{3^x}{2^{1+x}}$	Given that $\left(2^{\frac{1}{2}}\right)^n = \frac{2^x}{2^{x}}$
Express <i>n</i> in terms of <i>x</i> and <i>y</i> .	Express <i>n</i> in terms of <i>x</i> and <i>y</i> . n = 2x - 6y

Worked example	Your turn
Given that $y = 3^x$ , express the following	Given that $y = 2^x$ , express the following
in terms of y.	in terms of y.
1	1
$\overline{27^{5x-2}}$	$\overline{4^{2x-3}}$
Write your expression in its simplest	Write your expression in its simplest
form.	form. 64
	$\overline{y^4}$

Worked example	Your turn
Simplify:	Simplify:
$(16x^2y^6z^4)^{\frac{1}{2}}$	$(9a^{3}b^{6}c^{2}d)^{\frac{1}{2}}$ $3a^{\frac{3}{2}}b^{3}cd^{\frac{1}{2}}$
$(27x^4y^6z)^{\frac{1}{3}}$	

Worked example	Your turn
Convert to fraction form: 9 <sup>-1</sup>	Convert to fraction form: $5b^{-2}$
5 <sup>-2</sup>	$\frac{5}{b^2}$
2 <sup>-3</sup>	
$x^{-5}$	
$3y^{-4}$	

Worked example	Your turn
Convert to index form: $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{100}$	Convert to index form: $\frac{7}{x^3}$ $7x^{-3}$
$\frac{3}{x}$ $\frac{9}{x^2}$ $\frac{15}{\sqrt{x}}$	$\frac{12}{\sqrt[3]{x}}$ $12x^{-\frac{1}{3}}$

Worked exa	mple	Your turn
Evaluate:		Evaluate:
24	3 <sup>5</sup>	$36^{-\frac{1}{2}}$ 1
4 <sup>0</sup>	5 <sup>-1</sup>	6
6 <sup>-2</sup>	7 <sup>-3</sup>	123456789 <sup>0</sup> 1
$9^{\frac{1}{2}}$	$8^{\frac{1}{3}}$	
$16^{-\frac{1}{2}}$	$125^{-\frac{1}{3}}$	$27^{-\frac{4}{3}}$ $\frac{1}{81}$
$25^{\frac{3}{2}}$	$64^{-\frac{2}{3}}$	

Worked example	Your turn
Write $\frac{1}{243}$ as $3^n$	Write 0.125 as $2^n$
215	2 <sup>-3</sup>
Write 0.04 as $5^n$	

Worked example	Your turn
Evaluate: 3 <sup>-4</sup>	Evaluate: 5 <sup>-3</sup> 1 125
2 <sup>-5</sup>	

Worked example	Your turn
Write as a fraction: $x^{-5}$	Write as a fraction: $z^{-3}$ $\frac{1}{z^3}$
y <sup>-4</sup>	

Worked example	Your turn
Write as a fraction: $3x^{-5}$	Write as a fraction: $2z^{-3}$ $\frac{2}{z^3}$
$5y^{-4}$	

Worked example	Your turn
Simplify the following: $(r^{-3})^4$	Simplify the following: $(t^{-4})^5$ $t^{-20}$
( <i>s</i> <sup>5</sup> ) <sup>-2</sup>	
Worked example	Your turn
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Simplify the following: $(2r^{-3})^4$	Simplify the following: $(3u^{-4})^{-3}$ $\frac{u^{12}}{27}$
(3 <i>s</i> <sup>-4</sup> ) <sup>-2</sup>	
$(5t^{-2})^3$	

Worked example	Your turn
Simplify the following: $(2r^{-3}s^4)^5$	Simplify the following: $(5x^3y^{-2})^{-3}$ $\frac{y^6}{125x^9}$
$(3t^{-4}u^5)^{-2}$	

Worked example	Your turn
Simplify the following: $\frac{15x^{7}}{3x^{-4}}$	Simplify the following: $\frac{42x^{-5}}{6x^{-3}}$ $7x^{-2} = \frac{7}{x^2}$
$\frac{56y^{-8}}{8y^{-7}}$	

Worked example	Your turn
Simplify the following: $\left(\frac{a^2b^{-3}}{c^4}\right)^5$	Simplify the following: $ \left(\frac{a^{-4}b^3}{c^2}\right)^3 $ $ \frac{b^9}{a^{12}c^6} $

Worked example	Your turn
Simplify the following:	Simplify the following:
$(3a^{\frac{4}{5}})^{5}$	$(4b^{\frac{2}{3}})^{3}$
	$64b^{2}$

Worked example	Your turn
Evaluate: $64^{\frac{1}{2}}$	Simplify the following: $125^{-\frac{1}{3}}$
	$\frac{1}{5}$
$64^{\frac{1}{3}}$	
$64^{-\frac{1}{2}}$	

Worked example	Your turn
Evaluate:	Simplify the following:
$64^{\frac{3}{2}}$	$125^{-\frac{2}{3}}$
	1
	125
$64^{\frac{2}{3}}$	
$64^{-\frac{3}{2}}$	

Worked example	Your turn
Evaluate: $81^{\frac{1}{2}}$	Simplify the following: $27^{-\frac{1}{3}}$ $\frac{1}{3}$
$81^{\frac{1}{4}}$	
81 <sup>-1</sup> 2	

Worked example	Your turn
Evaluate: $81^{\frac{3}{2}}$	Simplify the following: $27^{-\frac{4}{3}}$ $\frac{1}{81}$
$81^{\frac{3}{4}}$	
$81^{-\frac{3}{2}}$	

Worked example	Your turn
Evaluate:	Simplify the following:
$\left(\frac{32}{243}\right)^{-\frac{3}{5}}$	$\left(\frac{64}{125}\right)^{-\frac{2}{3}}$
	25
	16

Worked example	Your turn
Write in index form: $\sqrt[3]{25}$	Write in index form: $\sqrt[4]{32}$ $2\frac{5}{24}$
√27	

Worked example	Your turn
Write in index form: $\frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{25}}$	Write in index form: $ \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{32}} $ $ 2^{-\frac{5}{4}} $
$\frac{1}{\sqrt{27}}$	

Worked example	Your turn
Simplify:	Simplify:
$(64a^6)^{\frac{3}{2}}$	$(27b^6)^{\frac{2}{3}}$
	9b <sup>4</sup>
2	
$(64a^6)^{\frac{2}{3}}$	

Worked example	Your turn
Evaluate:	Evaluate:
$\left(\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}\right)^4$	$\left(\sqrt{\frac{3}{8}}\right)^4$
	9
	64
$\left(\sqrt{\frac{5}{7}}\right)^4$	

Worked example	Your turn
Express 243 as a power of 9	Express 125 as a power of 25 $25^{\frac{3}{2}}$
Express 32 as a power of 4	

Worked example	Your turn
Express in index form:	Express in index form:
$\sqrt[3]{x^4}$	$\sqrt[4]{x^7}$
	$x^{\frac{7}{4}}$
$\sqrt{x^5}$	

Worked example	Your turn
Express in index form: $\frac{1}{x}$	Express in index form: $\frac{1}{x^4}$ $x^{-4}$
$\frac{1}{x^2}$	
$\frac{1}{x^3}$	

Your turn
Express in index form: $ \frac{1}{\sqrt[7]{x}} $ $ \frac{1}{x^{-\frac{1}{7}}} $

Worked example	Your turn
Express in index form: $\frac{2}{x}$	Express in index form: $\frac{7}{x^4}$ $7x^{-4}$
$\frac{3}{x^2}$	
$\frac{5}{x^3}$	

Worked example	Your turn
Express in index form: $\frac{2}{\sqrt{x}}$	Express in index form: $3 = \frac{3}{\sqrt[7]{x}}$ $3x^{-\frac{1}{7}}$
$\frac{5}{\sqrt[3]{x}}$	
$\frac{7}{\sqrt[5]{x}}$	

Worked example	Your turn
Express in index form: $\frac{2}{3\sqrt{x}}$	Express in index form: $ \frac{2}{5\sqrt[7]{x}} $ $ \frac{2}{5}x^{-\frac{1}{7}} $
$\frac{5}{7\sqrt[3]{x}}$	
$\frac{1}{4\sqrt[5]{x}}$	

Worked example	Your turn
Simplify fully:	Simplify fully:
$\sqrt{a^{\frac{2}{3}} \times a^{\frac{4}{7}}}$	$\sqrt{a^{\frac{3}{4}} \times a^{\frac{3}{5}}}$
	$a^{\frac{27}{40}}$
$\sqrt{b^{\frac{2}{5}} \times b^{\frac{6}{7}}}$	

Worked example	Your turn
Solve: $5^{x} = 125$	Solve: $7^{x} = 343$
	x = 3
$\mathbf{O}^{\mathbf{Y}}$ as	
$2^{*} = 16$	
$3^{x} = 243$	

Worked example	Your turn
Solve: $5^{x-2} = 25$	Solve: $2^{2-5x} = 16$ $x = -\frac{2}{5}$
$2^{2x+3} = 32$	
$3^{1-3x} = 81$	

Your turn
Solve: $7 = 343^{x-2}$ $x = \frac{7}{3}$

Worked example	Your turn
Solve: $5^x = \frac{1}{125}$	Solve: $7^{x} = \frac{1}{343}$ $x = -3$
$3^x = \frac{1}{9}$	
$2^x = \frac{1}{16}$	

Worked example	Your turn
Solve: $5^{-x} = \frac{1}{125}$	Solve: $7^{-x} = \frac{1}{343}$ $x = 3$
$3^{-x} = \frac{1}{9}$	
$2^{-x} = \frac{1}{16}$	

Worked example	Your turn
Solve:	Solve:
$5^{-x} = 125$	$7^{-x} = 343$
	x = -3
$3^{-x} = 9$	
$2^{-x} = 16$	

Worked example	Your turn
Solve: $125^{x} = \frac{1}{5}$	Solve: $343^{x} = \frac{1}{7}$ $x = -\frac{1}{3}$
$9^x = \frac{1}{3}$	
$8^x = \frac{1}{2}$	

Worked example	Your turn
Solve: $2^{3x-2} = \frac{1}{64}$	Solve: $5^{3-2x} = \frac{1}{25}$ $x = \frac{5}{2}$
$3^{2-5x} = \frac{1}{81}$	

Worked example	Your turn
Solve: $2^{x} = \sqrt[3]{16}$	Solve: $5^{x+1} = \sqrt[4]{25}$ $x = -\frac{1}{2}$
$3^{x-2} = \sqrt{27}$	

Worked example	Your turn
Solve: $2^{3x-1} = \sqrt[4]{32}$	Solve: $5^{3-2x} = \sqrt[3]{25}$ $x = \frac{7}{6}$
$3^{2-5x} = \sqrt{243}$	

Worked example	Your turn
Solve: $2^{3x-5} = \frac{16}{\sqrt[5]{64}}$	Solve: $3^{2x-5} = \frac{27}{\sqrt{243}}$ $x = \frac{11}{4}$

Worked ex	kample		Your turn
Solve: $16 \times 2^{3x-1}$	$f = \frac{1}{\sqrt{32}}$	Solve: 27	$x = -\frac{1}{3\sqrt{9}}$

Worked example	Your turn
Solve: $(16^{x})^{3} = \frac{1}{8}$	Solve: $(9^{x})^{5} = \frac{1}{27}$ $x = -\frac{3}{10}$

	Worked example	Your turn
Solve:	$\sqrt{2} \times 8^{2x-5} = \frac{1}{16}$	Solve: $\sqrt{3} \times 9^{4x-3} = \frac{1}{27}$ $x = \frac{5}{16}$
Worked example	Your turn	
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Solve: $\frac{16^{4x-3}}{8^{5-2x}} = 4$	Solve: $\frac{9^{3-5x}}{27^{4x-3}} = 81$ $x = \frac{1}{2}$	

Worked example	Your turn
Express y in terms of x, given: $2^x \times 2^y = 8$	Express y in terms of x, given: $5^x \times 5^y = 125$
	y = 3 - x
$3^x \times 3^y = \sqrt{27}$	

Worked example	Your turn
Express $y$ in terms of $x$ , given:	Express $y$ in terms of $x$ , given:
$2^{3x} \times 8^{5y} = \frac{1}{4}$	$5^{3x} \times 25^{4y} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{125}}$
	$y = -\frac{3}{8}x - \frac{3}{16}$

Worked example	Your turn
Express y in terms of x, given: $\frac{2^{3x}}{2^{5y}} = 2\sqrt{2}$	Express y in terms of x, given: $\frac{5^{x}}{5^{4y}} = 125\sqrt{5}$ $y = \frac{x}{4} - \frac{7}{8}$
$\frac{3^{4x}}{3^{2y}} = \frac{1}{27}$	

Worked example	Your turn
Express y in terms of x, given: $\frac{2^{3x}}{8^{5y}} = 2\sqrt{2}$	Express y in terms of x, given: $\frac{5^{x}}{25^{4y}} = 125\sqrt{5}$ $y = \frac{x}{8} - \frac{7}{16}$
$\frac{3^{4x}}{9^{2y}} = \frac{1}{27}$	

Worked exampleYour turnSolve 
$$\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^x = 8$$
Solve  $\left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^x = 9$   
 $x = -2$ Solve  $25^{3-4x} = \frac{1}{125}$ Solve  $9^{4-3x} = \frac{1}{81}$   
 $x = 2$ 

Worked example	Your turn
Solve $x^{\frac{1}{2}} = 5$	Solve $x^{\frac{1}{4}} = 2$
	<i>x</i> = 16
1	
Solve $x^{-3} = 6$	

Worked example	Your turn
Solve $x^{-2} = 25$	Solve $x^{-4} = 16$
	$x = \frac{1}{2}$
Solve $x^{-3} = 216$	

Worked example	Your turn
Given that $5^{-n} = 0.4$ , find the value of $(5^3)^n$	Given that $3^{-n} = 0.2$ , find the value of $(3^4)^n$
	625

Worked exampleYour turnExpress 
$$\frac{(3+\sqrt[3]{x})^2}{x}$$
 as powers of  $x$ .Express  $\frac{(2+\sqrt{x})^2}{x}$  as powers of  $x$ . $4x^{-1} + 4x^{-\frac{1}{2}} + 1$ 

Worked exampleYour turnExpress 
$$\frac{(x+\sqrt{x})^2}{4\sqrt[3]{x}}$$
 as powers of  $x$ .Express  $\frac{(x+\sqrt{x})^2}{2\sqrt{x}}$  as powers of  $x$ . $\frac{1}{2}x^{\frac{3}{2}} + x + \frac{1}{2}x^{\frac{1}{2}}$ 

## 1.5) Surds

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Worked example	Your turn
$2\sqrt{x} \times 3\sqrt{x}$	$2\sqrt[4]{z} \times 3\sqrt[4]{z} \times 4\sqrt[4]{z} \times \sqrt[4]{z}$
	24 <i>z</i>
$\frac{3}{\sqrt{2}} \times 3\frac{3}{\sqrt{2}} \times 4\frac{3}{\sqrt{2}}$	
vy x Svy x Tvy	

Worked example	Your turn
Simplify:	Simplify:
$\sqrt{72} - \sqrt{18}$	$\sqrt{75} - \sqrt{12}$
	$3\sqrt{3}$
$\sqrt{125} - \sqrt{45}$	

Worked example	Your turn
Express in the form $a + b\sqrt{3}$ : $(5 + 3\sqrt{3})^2$	Express in the form $a + b\sqrt{5}$ : $(2 + 7\sqrt{5})^2$ $249 + 28\sqrt{5}$

Worked example	Your turn
Express in the form $a + b\sqrt{3}$ : $(2\sqrt{3} - 5)^2$	Express in the form $a + b\sqrt{5}$ : $(3\sqrt{5} - 2)^2$ $49 - 12\sqrt{5}$

Worked example	Your turn
Simplify:	Simplify:
$\left(\sqrt{7}+1\right)\left(\sqrt{7}-1\right)$	$(\sqrt{11} - 3)(\sqrt{11} + 3)$
	2
$(\sqrt{5}-2)(\sqrt{5}+2)$	

Worked example	Your turn
Simplify: $(7 + 4\sqrt{2})(7 - 4\sqrt{2})$	Simplify: $(9 - 3\sqrt{5})(9 + 3\sqrt{5})$ <u>36</u>
$(5-2\sqrt{3})(5+2\sqrt{3})$	

Worked example	Your turn
Simplify:	Simplify:
$(7\sqrt{3} + 4\sqrt{2})(7\sqrt{3} - 4\sqrt{2})$	$(11\sqrt{5} - 3\sqrt{7})(11\sqrt{5} + 3\sqrt{7})$
	542
$(5\sqrt{7}-2\sqrt{3})(5\sqrt{7}+2\sqrt{3})$	

Worked example	Your turn
Express in the form $a + b\sqrt{3}$ : $(4 + \sqrt{3})(1 + 2\sqrt{3})$	Express in the form $a + b\sqrt{5}$ : $(2 + \sqrt{5})(3 + 4\sqrt{5})$
	$26 + 11\sqrt{5}$

Worked example	Your turn
Given that $a > 0$ , show that $\sqrt{5a}(\sqrt{20a} + a\sqrt{5a})$ Is always a multiple of 3	Given that $a > 0$ , show that $\sqrt{3a}(\sqrt{12a} + a\sqrt{3a})$ is always a multiple of 3 Shown

Worked example	Your turn
Simplify	Simplify
$(3+\sqrt{2})^2 - (3-\sqrt{2})^2$	$(2+\sqrt{3})^2 - (2-\sqrt{3})^2$
	8√3
2 2	
$(4+\sqrt{5})^2 - (4-\sqrt{5})^2$	

Worked example	Your turn
Find the value of <i>a</i> and <i>b</i> :	Express <i>b</i> and <i>c</i> in terms of <i>a</i>
$\left(a-3\sqrt{5}\right)^2 = b - 42\sqrt{5}$	$\left(a-2\sqrt{3}\right)^2 = b - 20\sqrt{3}$
	<i>a</i> = 5, <i>b</i> = 37

Worked example	Your turn
Worked example Expand and simplify: $(\sqrt{7} - 3)(\sqrt{7} + 2)(\sqrt{7} + 1)$	Your turn Expand and simplify: $(\sqrt{5}+3)(\sqrt{5}-2)(\sqrt{5}+1)$ 4

Worked example	Your turn
Worked example Expand and simplify: $(\sqrt{7} - 3)(\sqrt{7} + 2)(\sqrt{7} + 1)$	Your turn Expand and simplify: $(\sqrt{5}+3)(\sqrt{5}-2)(\sqrt{5}+1)$ 4

## 1.6) Rationalising denominators

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Worked example	Your turn
Rationalise the denominator: $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$	Rationalise the denominator: $ \frac{4}{\sqrt{7}} $ $ \frac{4\sqrt{7}}{7} $
$\frac{2}{\sqrt{3}}$	
$\frac{3}{\sqrt{5}}$	

Worked example	Your turn
Rationalise the denominator and simplify: $\frac{4}{3\sqrt{2}}$	Rationalise the denominator and simplify: $ \frac{10}{2\sqrt{7}} $ $ \frac{5\sqrt{7}}{7} $
$\frac{6}{5\sqrt{3}}$	

Worked example	Your turn
Rationalise the denominator and simplify:	Rationalise the denominator and simplify:
$\frac{2-7\sqrt{3}}{-7}$	$9 - 3\sqrt{5}$
$\sqrt{3}$	$\sqrt{5}$
	$\frac{9\sqrt{5}-15}{5}$
$\frac{3-5\sqrt{11}}{\sqrt{11}}$	

Worked example	Your turn
Rationalise the denominator and simplify:	Rationalise the denominator and simplify:
$\frac{5}{5+\sqrt{2}}$	$\frac{10}{1+\sqrt{7}}$
$\frac{4}{1+\sqrt{3}}$	$-3 + 3\sqrt{7}$

Worked example	Your turn
Rationalise the denominator and simplify:	Rationalise the denominator and simplify:
3	18
$\overline{5-\sqrt{2}}$	$\overline{1-\sqrt{7}}$
	$-3 - 3\sqrt{7}$
4	
$\overline{1-\sqrt{3}}$	

Worked example	Your turn
Rationalise the denominator and simplify:	Rationalise the denominator and simplify:
$\frac{3}{\sqrt{2}-5}$	$\frac{10}{\sqrt{7}-1}$
	$3 + 3\sqrt{7}$
$\frac{4}{-1+\sqrt{3}}$	

Worked example	Your turn
Rationalise the denominator and simplify:	Rationalise the denominator and simplify:
$\frac{3+\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2}-5}$	$\frac{2-\sqrt{7}}{\sqrt{7}-1}$
$\frac{5-\sqrt{3}}{-1+\sqrt{3}}$	$\frac{-5+\sqrt{7}}{6}$

Worked example	Your turn
Rationalise the denominator and simplify: $\frac{2\sqrt{3}+5}{\sqrt{3}-2}$	Rationalise the denominator and simplify: $\frac{2\sqrt{2}+1}{\sqrt{2}-3}$ $-1-\sqrt{2}$

Worked example	Your turn
Worked example Rationalise the denominator and simplify: $\frac{3\sqrt{3}-5}{2\sqrt{3}-7}$	Your turn Rationalise the denominator and simplify: $\frac{5\sqrt{5}-2}{2\sqrt{5}-3}$ $4+\sqrt{5}$
Worked example	Your turn
--	---
Worked example Rationalise the denominator and simplify: $\frac{11+3\sqrt{2}}{3\sqrt{7}+5}$	Your turn Rationalise: $\frac{7+2\sqrt{3}}{11\sqrt{5}+2}$ $\frac{77\sqrt{5}+22\sqrt{15}-4\sqrt{3}-14}{601}$

Your turn
Rationalise the denominator and simplify:
$\frac{(5+\sqrt{3})(5-\sqrt{3})}{\sqrt{22}}$
$\sqrt{22}$

Worked example	Your turn
Simplify, giving your answer in the form $a\sqrt{b}$ :	Simplify, giving your answer in the form $a\sqrt{b}$ :
$\frac{\sqrt{54}}{3} + \frac{12}{\sqrt{6}}$	$\frac{\sqrt{63}}{3} + \frac{21}{\sqrt{7}}$
	4√7

Worked exampleYour turnShow that 
$$\frac{1}{\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}+1} = \frac{3}{2} - \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{3}$$
Show that  $\frac{1}{1+\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}} = 2 - \sqrt{2}$  $= \frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2}+1}$  $= \frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2}+1}$  $= \frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2}+1} \times \frac{\sqrt{2}-1}{\sqrt{2}-1}$  $= \frac{2-\sqrt{2}}{2+\sqrt{2}-\sqrt{2}-1}$  $= \frac{2-\sqrt{2}}{2+\sqrt{2}-\sqrt{2}-1}$  $= \frac{2-\sqrt{2}}{1}$  $= 2-\sqrt{2}$  $= 2-\sqrt{2}$ 

Worked example	Your turn
A rectangle has an area of	A rectangle has an area of
$(15-6\sqrt{3})$ $cm^2$ and a width of	$(2+\sqrt{2})$ $cm^2$ and a width of
$(2\sqrt{3}-3)$ cm. Find the length of	$(3\sqrt{2} - 4)$ <i>cm</i> . Find the length of
the rectangle in the form $a + b\sqrt{3}$	the rectangle in the form $a + b\sqrt{2}$
	$7 + 5\sqrt{2} \ cm$

Worked example	Your turn
Solve $y(2 + \sqrt{3}) - \sqrt{3} = 4$	Solve $y(1 + \sqrt{2}) - \sqrt{2} = 3$
	$y = 2\sqrt{2} - 1$

Worked example	Your turn
Simplify:	Simplify:
$\sqrt{a+2} - \sqrt{a}$	$\sqrt{a+1} - \sqrt{a}$
$\overline{\sqrt{a+2} + \sqrt{a}}$	$\overline{\sqrt{a+1} + \sqrt{a}}$
	$2a + 1 - 2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a+1}$

Worked example	Your turn
Solve: $\sqrt[5]{8}$ x =	Solve: $\sqrt[4]{9}$
$\frac{\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt[4]{32}} = \sqrt[4]{2}$	$\frac{\sqrt{5}}{\sqrt{27}} = \sqrt[3]{3}$
	x = -10