

## 2B Higher Derivatives for Maclaurin Series

1. Given that:

$$y = \ln(1 - x)$$

Find the value of:

$$\left(\frac{d^3y}{dx^3}\right)_{\frac{1}{2}}$$

2. Given that:

$$f(x) = e^{x^2}$$

a) Show that:

$$f'(x) = 2xf(x)$$

b) By differentiating the result twice more with respect to  $x$ , find  $f''(x)$  and  $f'''(x)$

c) Deduce the values of  $f(0)$ ,  $f'(0)$ ,  $f''(0)$  and  $f'''(0)$