1.4) Roots of quadratic equations

## Your turn

Given that $\alpha=5+3 i$ is one of the roots of a quadratic equation with real coefficients, (a) state the value of the other root, $\beta$.
(b) find the quadratic equation.

Given that $\alpha=7+2 i$ is one of the roots of a quadratic equation with real coefficients,
(a) state the value of the other root, $\beta$.
(b) find the quadratic equation.
(a) $\beta=7-2 i$
(b) $z^{2}-14 z+53=0$

Given that $\alpha=5+q i$ is one of the roots of the equation $z^{2}-5 p z+41=0$, where $p$ and $q$ are positive real constants, find the value of $p$ and the value of $q$

Given that $\alpha=5+q i$ is one of the roots of the equation $z^{2}-2 p z+61=0$, where $p$ and $q$ are positive real constants, find the value of $p$ and the value of $q$

$$
p=5, q=6
$$

