## 6B Perpendicular Bisectors of Line Segments

1. The line $A B$ is the diameter of the circle with centre $C$, where $A$ and $B$ are $(-1,4)$ and $(5,2)$ respectively. The line I passes through $C$ and is perpendicular to $A B$. Find the equation of $I$.
2. The line $P Q$ is the Chord of the circle, centre $(-3,5)$, where $P$ and $Q$ are $(5,4)$ and $(1,12)$ respectively. The line I is perpendicular to $P Q$ and bisects it. Show that it passes through the centre of the circle.
3. The lines $A B$ and $C D$ are chords of a circle. The line $y=3 x-11$ is the perpendicular bisector of $A B$. The line $y=-x-1$ is the perpendicular bisector of $C D$. Find the coordinates of the circle's centre.
