<u>The Large Data Set</u>

All A Level exam boards are obligated to provide a 'large data set'. Data in exam questions will often be from this set, and you are encouraged to explore this data (which is publicly available) in Microsoft Excel.

It is important to note that you are expected to be familiar with this data set before you go into your exam, including some basic geographic knowledge!

| Date | Daily Max Temp (09- 00-0900 C) | Daily Total Rainfall (0900- 0900) (mm) | Daily Total Sunshine (0000- 2400) (hrs) | Daily Mean Windspee d (0000- 2400) (kn) | Daily Mean Windspeed (0000-2400) (Beaufort conversion) | Daily Maximum Gust (0000- 2400) (kn) |
|------------|---|--|---|---|--|--|
| 01/06/1987 | 15.1 | 0.6 | 4.5 | 7 | Light | 19 |
| 02/06/1987 | 12.5 | 4.7 | 0 | 7 | Light | 22 |
| 03/06/1987 | 13.8 | tr | 5.6 | 11 | Moderate | 25 |
| 04/06/1987 | 15.5 | 5.3 | 7.8 | 7 | Light | 17 |
| 05/06/1987 | 13.1 | 19 | 0.5 | 10 | Light | 33 |
| 06/06/1987 | 13.8 | 0 | 8.9 | 19 | Fresh | 46 |
| 07/06/1987 | 13.2 | tr | 3.8 | 11 | Moderate | 27 |
| 08/06/1987 | 12.9 | 1 | 1.7 | 9 | Light | 19 |
| 09/06/1987 | 11.2 | tr | 5.4 | 6 | Light | 19 |
| 10/06/1987 | 9.2 | 1.3 | 9.7 | 4 | Light | n/a |
| 11/06/1987 | 12.6 | 0 | 12.5 | 6 | Light | 18 |
| 12/06/1987 | 10.4 | 0 | 11.9 | 5 | Light | n/a |
| 13/06/1987 | 9.6 | 0 | 8.6 | 5 | Light | 15 |
| 14/06/1987 | 10.2 | 0 | 13.1 | 5 | Light | 18 |
| 15/06/1987 | 9.2 | 3.7 | 7.1 | 4 | Light | 25 |
| 16/06/1987 | 10.4 | 5.6 | 8.3 | 6 | Light | 25 |
| 17/06/1987 | 12.8 | 0.1 | 5.3 | 10 | Light | 27 |
| 18/06/1987 | 13.0 | 7.4 | 3.2 | 9 | Light | 24 |
| 19/06/1987 | 14.0 | tr | 0.4 | 12 | Moderate | 33 |
| 20/06/1987 | 12.6 | 0 | 7.7 | 6 | Light | 17 |

Example.

(a) Describe the type of data represented by daily total rainfall.

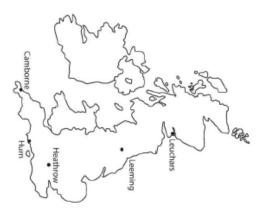
Alison is investigating daily maximum gust. She wants to select a sample of size 5 from the first 20 days in Hurn in June 1987. She uses the first two digits of the date as a sampling frame and generates five random numbers between 1 and 20.

- (b) State the type of sample selected by Alison.
- (c) Explain why Alison's process might not generate a sample of size 5.

The Large Data Set

Locations

5 UK weather stations



Time Periods

May – October 1987 (6 months) May – October 2015 (6 months)

Seasons

May/June are the end of spring July-Sept is summer October is autumn

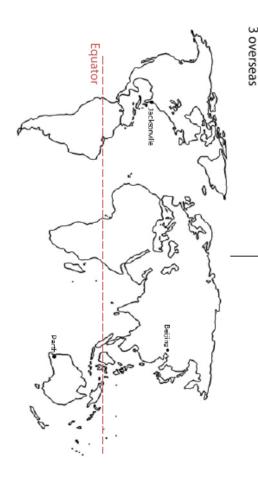
Perth (Australia) is in the southern hemisphere, so July-Sept is winter

UK Great Storm

The night of 15-16th October 1987 Gusts up to 100 knots recorded

Florida hurricanes

12 October 1987 Hurricane Floyd 1-2 October 2015 Hurricane Joaquin



Variables Recorded

Daily Maximum Temperature °C

Daily Total Rainfall mm

Daily Total Sunshine hours

Daily Maximum Relative Humidity %; mist and fog if > 95%

Daily Mean Windspeed; Daily Maximum Gust knots (1kn = 1.15mph) and Beaufort scale

Daily Mean Wind Direction; Daily Maximum Gust Direction bearing (°)

and cardinal direction

Cloud Cover oktas (eights); 0 – 8

Visibility

Dm (decametres) 1 Dm =10m

Pressure hPa (hectoPascal)

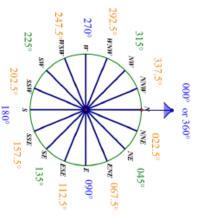
n/a reading not available

tr (trace) rainfall < 0.05mm

Beaufort Scale

Discrete, scale of 13 values: 0 (calm, < 1kn) 12 (hurricane, 64kn+)

Cardinal Directions



Oktas

Eighths of the sky covered by cloud Discrete, scale of 9 values: 0 (clear sky) 8 (completely overcast)

Sources Maps: Compass:

Pearson mathsmutt.co.uk