

# Modelling

[June 2013 (Withdrawn) Q8]

- (a) Express  $9 \cos \theta - 2 \sin \theta$  in the form  $R \cos(\theta + \alpha)$ , where  $R > 0$  and  $0 < \alpha < \frac{\pi}{2}$ .

Give the exact value of  $R$  and give the value of  $\alpha$  to 4 decimal places. (3)

- (b) (i) State the maximum value of  $9 \cos \theta - 2 \sin \theta$   
(ii) Find the value of  $\theta$ , for  $0 < \theta < 2\pi$ , at which this maximum occurs. (3)

Ruth models the height  $H$  above the ground of a passenger on a Ferris wheel by the equation

$$H = 10 - 9 \cos\left(\frac{\pi t}{5}\right) + 2 \sin\left(\frac{\pi t}{5}\right)$$

where  $H$  is measured in metres and  $t$  is the time in minutes after the wheel starts turning.



- (c) Calculate the maximum value of  $H$  predicted by this model, and the value of  $t$ , when this maximum first occurs. Give your answers to 2 decimal places. (4)  
(d) Determine the time for the Ferris wheel to complete two revolutions. (2)

When trigonometric equations are in the form  $R \sin(ax \pm b)$  or  $R \cos(ax \pm b)$ , they can be used to model various things which have an oscillating behaviour, e.g. tides, the swing of a pendulum and sound waves.

# Test Your Understanding

[June 2010 Q7] 2. (a) Express  $2 \sin \theta - 1.5 \cos \theta$  in the form  $R \sin(\theta - \alpha)$ , where  $R > 0$  and  $0 < \alpha < \frac{\pi}{2}$ .

Give the value of  $\alpha$  to 4 decimal places. (3)

- (b) (i) Find the maximum value of  $2 \sin \theta - 1.5 \cos \theta$ . (3)  
(ii) Find the value of  $\theta$ , for  $0 \leq \theta < \pi$ , at which this maximum occurs. (3)

Tom models the height of sea water,  $H$  metres, on a particular day by the equation

$$H = 6 + 2 \sin\left(\frac{4\pi t}{25}\right) - 1.5 \cos\left(\frac{4\pi t}{25}\right), \quad 0 \leq t < 12,$$

where  $t$  hours is the number of hours after midday.

- (c) Calculate the maximum value of  $H$  predicted by this model and the value of  $t$ , to 2 decimal places, when this maximum occurs. (3)  
(d) Calculate, to the nearest minute, the times when the height of sea water is predicted, by this model, to be 7 metres. (6)

Tip: Reflect carefully on the substitution you use to allow (bii) to match your identity in (a).  $\theta = ?$