

## Types of Data

**Quantitative Data –**

**Qualitative Data –**

**Continuous Data –**

**Discrete Data –**

### **Key Vocabulary for Grouped Data (presented in a grouped frequency table)**

**Classes** - the groups in a table

**Class boundaries** - the maximum and minimum values in a class (beware of gaps between the classes)

**Midpoint** - the average of the class boundaries

**Class width** - the difference between the upper and lower class boundaries

Exercise 1D Page

### **Test Your Understanding**

#### **Name that sampling method**

Simple Random Sampling	Systematic Sampling	Stratified Sampling	Quota Sampling	Opportunity Sampling
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1. "You wish to test lightbulbs produced by a factory in a daily batch."
2. "You wish to survey consumer opinion on your new drink *FizzGuzz* released in the UK."
3. "You wish to determine students' favourite TV programmes in your school, that is fairly representative of each year group."