## Using Differentiation

$\uparrow \quad s$ (displacement) |  |
| :---: |
| $v$ (velocity) |
| $a$ (acceleration) |$\downarrow$

## Example

A body moves in a straight line such that $v=2 t^{2}-11 t+14$. Initially (i.e. when $t=0$ ), the displacement of the body from some fixed point $O$ on the line is 50 m . Find:
a) The initial velocity of the body
b) The values of $t$ when the body is at rest
c) The acceleration of the body when $t=5 \mathrm{~s}$
d) The displacement of the body when $t=6 s$ (we cover integration later in the chapter)

## Test Your Understanding

Pudding the Cat's displacement from a house, in metres, is $t^{3}-\frac{3}{2} t^{2}-36 t$ where $t$ is in seconds.
(a) Determine the velocity of the cat when $t=2$.
(b) At what time will the cat be instantaneously at rest?
(c) What is the cat's acceleration after 5 seconds?

