## 11A Functions of Time



1. A body moves in a straight line, such that its displacement, $s$ metres, from a point $O$ at time $t$ seconds is given by $s=2 t^{3}-3 t$ for $t>0$
a) Find the value of $s$ when $t=2$
b) Find the time taken for the body to return to 0 .
2. A toy train travels along a straight track, leaving the start of the track at time $t=0$. It then returns to the start of the track. The distance, $s$ metres, from the start of the track at time $t$ seconds is modelled by:
$s=4 t^{2}-t^{3}$ where $0 \leq t \leq 4$
Explain why there is a time restriction on this model
3. A body moves in a straight line such that its velocity, $v \mathrm{~ms}^{-1}$, at time $t$ seconds is given by: $v=2 t^{2}-16 t+24$ for $t \geq 0$

Find:
a) The initial velocity
b) The values of t when the body is instantaneously at rest
c) The value of $t$ when the velocity is $64 \mathrm{~ms}^{-1}$
d) The greatest speed of the body in the interval $0 \leq t \leq 5$

