## 10B Forces as Vectors

1. The forces $2 \boldsymbol{i}+3 \boldsymbol{j}, 4 \boldsymbol{i}-\boldsymbol{j},-3 \boldsymbol{i}+2 \boldsymbol{j}$ and $x \boldsymbol{i}+y \boldsymbol{j}$ act on an object which is in equilibrium. Find the values of $x$ and $y$.
2. In this question i represents the unit vector due east, and j represents the unit vector due north. A particle begins at rest at the origin. It is acted on by three forces $(2 \boldsymbol{i}+\boldsymbol{j}) N$, $(3 \boldsymbol{i}-2 \boldsymbol{j}) N$ and $(-\boldsymbol{i}+4 \boldsymbol{j}) N$.
a) Find the resultant force in the form $p \boldsymbol{i}+q \boldsymbol{j}$
b) Work out the magnitude and bearing of the resultant force
c) Describe the motion of the particle
