- **1 a** Expand $(1-x)^{\frac{1}{2}}$, |x| < 1, in ascending powers of x up to and including the term in x^3 .
 - **b** By substituting x = 0.01 in your expansion, find the value of $\sqrt{11}$ correct to 9 significant figures.
- The series expansion of $(1 + 8x)^{\frac{1}{2}}$, in ascending powers of x up to and including the term in x^3 , is $1 + 4x + ax^2 + bx^3$, $|x| < \frac{1}{8}$.
 - **a** Find the values of the constants a and b.
 - **b** Use the expansion, with x = 0.01, to find the value of $\sqrt{3}$ to 5 decimal places.
- 3 **a** Expand $(9-6x)^{\frac{1}{2}}$, $|x| < \frac{3}{2}$, in ascending powers of x up to and including the term in x^3 , simplifying the coefficient in each term.
 - **b** Use your expansion with a suitable value of x to find the value of $\sqrt{8.7}$ correct to 7 significant figures.
- **4 a** Expand $(1 + 6x)^{\frac{1}{3}}$, $|x| < \frac{1}{6}$, in ascending powers of x up to and including the term in x^3 .
 - **b** Use your expansion, with x = 0.004, to find the cube root of 2 correct to 7 significant figures.
- 5 a Expand $(1 + 2x)^{-3}$ in ascending powers of x up to and including the term in x^3 and state the set of values of x for which the expansion is valid.
 - **b** Hence, or otherwise, find the series expansion in ascending powers of x up to and including the term in x^3 of $\frac{1+3x}{(1+2x)^3}$.
- 6 Find the coefficient of x^2 in the series expansion of $\frac{2+x}{\sqrt{4-2x}}$, |x| < 2.
- 7 a Find the values of A and B such that

$$\frac{2-11x}{1-5x+4x^2} \equiv \frac{A}{1-x} + \frac{B}{1-4x}.$$

- **b** Hence, find the series expansion of $\frac{2-11x}{1-5x+4x^2}$ in ascending powers of x up to and including the term in x^3 and state the set of values of x for which the expansion is valid.
- 8 $f(x) = \frac{4-17x}{(1+2x)(1-3x)^2}, |x| < \frac{1}{3}.$
 - a Express f(x) in partial fractions.
 - **b** Hence, or otherwise, find the series expansion of f(x) in ascending powers of x up to and including the term in x^3 .
- The first three terms in the expansion of $(1 + ax)^b$, in ascending powers of x, for |ax| < 1, are $1 6x + 24x^2$.
 - **a** Find the values of the constants a and b.
 - **b** Find the coefficient of x^3 in the expansion.