

Relating Rates of Change

Eg. Determine the rate of change of the area A of a circle when the radius $r = 3\text{cm}$, given that the radius is changing at a rate of 5 cm s^{-1}

Firstly, how would we represent...

“the rate of change of the area A ”

“the rate of change of the radius r is 5”

“the area A of a circle”

Fro Tip: Whenever you see the word ‘rate’, think $/dt$

Then by Chain Rule:

First copy top
and bottom into
the diagonals...

$$\frac{dA}{dt} = \frac{\quad}{dr} \times \frac{dr}{\quad}$$

...Then fill in the gaps with
whatever variable you didn't use.

A differential equation is an equation that can be used to calculate a rate of change over time (essentially, what you have just been doing!)

Textbook. **In the decay of radioactive particles, the rate at which particles decay is proportional to the number of particles remaining. Write down a differential equation for the rate of change of the number of particles.**

Textbook. **Newton's law of cooling states that the rate of loss of temperature of a body is proportional to the excess temperature of the body compared to its surroundings. Write an equation that expresses this law.**

Textbook. The head of a snowman of radius R cm loses volume by evaporation at a rate proportional to its surface area. Assuming that the head is spherical, that the volume of a sphere is given by $V = \frac{4}{3}\pi R^3$ cm³ and that the surface area is $A = 4\pi R^2$ cm², write down a differential equation for the rate of change of radius of the snowman's head.

Further Example

Edexcel C4 June 2008 Q3

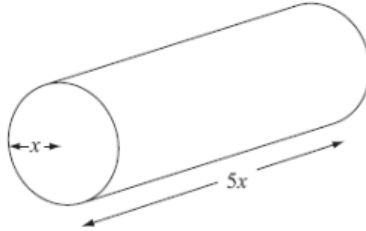


Figure 2 shows a right circular cylindrical metal rod which is expanding as it is heated. After t seconds the radius of the rod is x cm and the length of the rod is $5x$ cm. The cross-sectional area of the rod is increasing at the constant rate of $0.032 \text{ cm}^2 \text{ s}^{-1}$.

- (a) Find $\frac{dx}{dt}$ when the radius of the rod is 2 cm, giving your answer to 3 significant figures. (4)
- (b) Find the rate of increase of the volume of the rod when $x = 2$. (4)

Test Your Understanding

June 2012 Q2

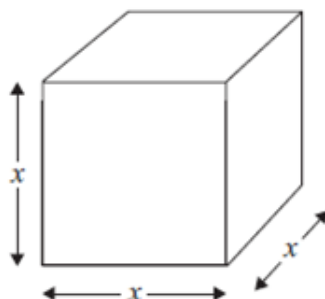


Figure 1

Figure 1 shows a metal cube which is expanding uniformly as it is heated.

At time t seconds, the length of each edge of the cube is x cm, and the volume of the cube is V cm³.

- (a) Show that $\frac{dV}{dx} = 3x^2$. (1)

Given that the volume, V cm³, increases at a constant rate of 0.048 cm³ s⁻¹,

- (b) find $\frac{dx}{dt}$ when $x = 8$, (2)
- (c) find the rate of increase of the total surface area of the cube, in cm² s⁻¹, when $x = 8$. (3)