

1. Tilting

When a rigid body is on the point of tilting about a pivot, the reaction at any other support (or tension in any other wire/string) is zero.

Example

A uniform beam AB, of mass 12kg and length 6m rests on two pivots at P and Q, where AP = 1m and QB = 1.5m.

A particle of M kg is placed at A and the beam is about to tilt about the pivot at P. Find the mass of the particle and the reaction force at P.



Test Your Understanding – Suspended System *(Textbook)*

A non-uniform rod AB , of length 10 m and weight 40 N, is suspended from a pair of light cables attached to C and D where $AC = 3$ m and $BD = 2$ m.

When a weight of 25 N is hung from A the rod is on the point of rotating.

Find the distance of the centre of mass of the rod from A .

Test Your Understanding (EdExcel M1 May 2013 Q6)

A beam AB has length 15 m. The beam rests horizontally in equilibrium on two smooth supports at the points P and Q , where $AP = 2$ m and $QB = 3$ m. When a child of mass 50 kg stands on the beam at A , the beam remains in equilibrium and is on the point of tilting about P . When the same child of mass 50 kg stands on the beam at B , the beam remains in equilibrium and is on the point of tilting about Q . The child is modelled as a particle and the beam is modelled as a non-uniform rod.

(a) (i) Find the mass of the beam.

(ii) Find the distance of the centre of mass of the beam from A .

(8)

When the child stands at the point X on the beam, it remains horizontal and in equilibrium. Given that the reactions at the two supports are equal in magnitude,

(b) find AX .

(6)

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